

# Grade 3 Unit 6 Module 1 Practice Pages for Math at Home

NAME

DATE



# **Mixed Review: Fractions, Multiplication & Division**

Solve each problem below. Show your work using numbers, sketches, or words. Remember to label your answers with the correct units when you need to.

Robin and Cody are collecting stamps. Their stamp books are exactly the same size, with the same number of pages. Robin's stamp book is  $\frac{2}{3}$  full. Cody's stamp book is  $\frac{3}{4}$  full. Whose stamp book is more full? How do you know?

Robin has a page of her stamp book that is  $\frac{1}{3}$  full. Cody has a page of his stamp book that is  $\frac{2}{6}$  full. Whose page is more full? How do you know?

- One of Robin's pages has 6 out of 12 spaces full.
  - Write a fraction that represents how full the page is. a
  - Write another fraction that tells how full the page is.
- On one page of Robin's stamp book, she has arranged her stamps in a 7-by-6 array. How many stamps are on this page?

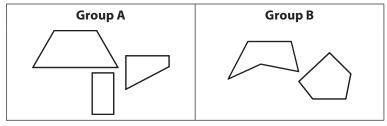
On one page of Cody's stamp book, he has 54 stamps. The stamps are organized in 6 groups. How many stamps are in each group?

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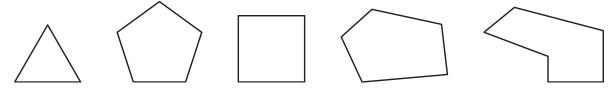


# **Shape Sorting**

Walt sorted some shapes into these two groups.



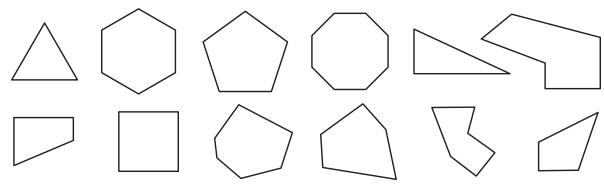
Circle the shapes that belong in group B. a



What do the shapes in group B have in common?

How can you tell if a shape is a hexagon?

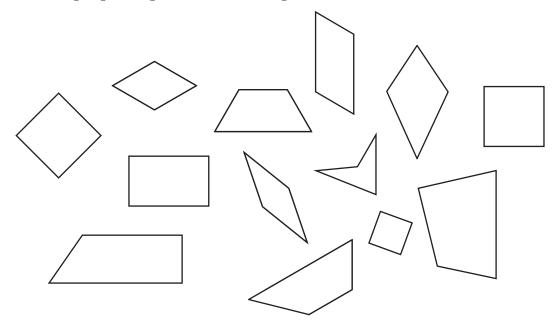
Circle all the hexagons.





# **Attributes of Quadrilaterals**

- 1 Identify some of the attributes of the quadrilaterals below. Follow these instructions:
  - Draw a blue loop around each shape that has 2 pairs of parallel sides.
  - Make a red dot inside each shape that has at least 2 right angles.
  - Draw a smiley face inside each square.
  - Make a green dot inside each shape that has exactly 1 pair of parallel sides.
  - Draw an X above each shape that has 4 sides that are exactly the same length.
  - Draw a purple loop around each trapezoid.



**2** Multiply.

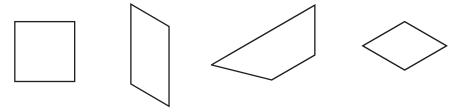
3	4	5	8	6	2	10
$\times 8$	$\times 4$	<u>× 6</u>	$\times 4$	<u>× 6</u>	$\times 8$	$\times 7$

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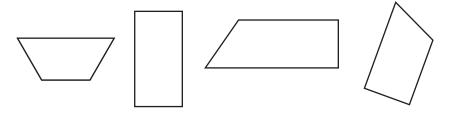


# **Quadrilaterals**

**1** Cross out the figure that is *not* a parallelogram.



**2** Cross out the figure that is *not* a trapezoid.



**3** How is a trapezoid like a parallelogram? Use labeled sketches and words to explain.

**4** How are a trapezoid and a parallelogram different? Use labeled sketches and words to explain.

**5** Solve the following problems.

39
 278
 54
 108
 379
 914
 19
 635

 
$$+$$
 141
  $+$  46
  $+$  525
  $+$  52
  $+$  21
  $+$  36
  $+$  417
  $+$  45

872
 143
 87
 105
 121
 243
 216
 87

 
$$-41$$
 $-28$ 
 $-56$ 
 $-28$ 
 $-9$ 
 $-7$ 
 $-15$ 
 $-47$ 

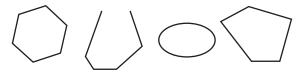
NAME



# **Polygons**

**1** Two of the shapes below are polygons, and two are not.

**a** Circle the two polygons.



**b** Explain why the other two shapes are not polygons.

**2** Three of the shapes below are quadrilaterals, and one is not.

**a** Circle the three quadrilaterals.



**b** Draw two quadrilaterals that are not the same types as those you just circled.

**3** Multiply.

4 **CHALLENGE** Multiply.

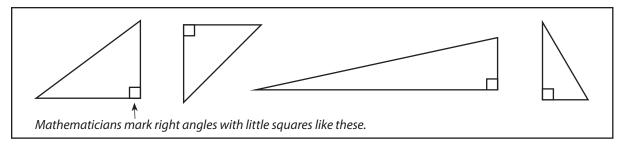
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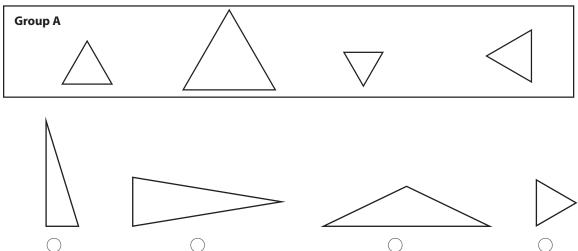
# Triangles & Two-Digit Addition Review page 1 of 2

What is the same about all of these triangles?

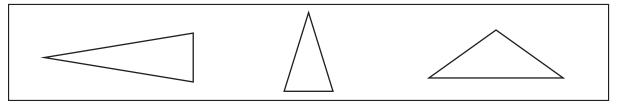


All the triangles \_\_

2 All of the triangles in group A have something in common. Fill in the circle next to the triangle that belongs with them.



- How do you know the triangle you picked belongs in group A?
- What do these three triangles have in common?



All of the triangles \_

#### **Triangles & Two-Digit Addition Review** page 2 of 2

Add each pair of numbers. Show all your work.

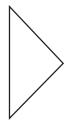
$$60 + 35 =$$

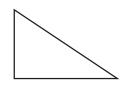
**CHALLENGE** Fill in the missing digits.



# Triangles page 1 of 2

Circle the two triangles that are congruent. Congruent means exactly the same shape and size.



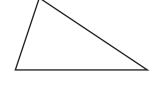






Circle the two triangles that are similar. Similar means exactly the same shape, but not necessarily the same size.









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3 Add.

Subtract.

Round each number to the nearest 10 and the nearest 100.

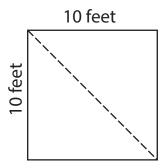
Number	Nearest 10	Nearest 100
342		
689		

Number	Nearest 10	Nearest 100
837		
906		

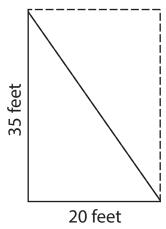
DATE

#### **Triangles** page 2 of 2

**6** Angie and Kara share a bedroom. They've been having trouble agreeing on who is doing her fair share of the cleaning. So they decided to lay a rope on the floor to divide the room in half. Each girl is responsible for keeping half the room clean and organized.



- **a** The area of the whole room is \_\_\_\_\_ square feet. Show your work.
- **b** The area of each girl's part of the room is \_\_\_\_\_ square feet. Show your work.
- **7 CHALLENGE** Susie and her mother are planting a flower garden. It will be in the shape of a right triangle. They drew a diagram of the triangle and labeled the dimensions. How much area will the flower garden cover? Show your work.





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# **Mixed Review: Fractions, Multiplication & Division**

Solve each problem below. Show your work using numbers, sketches, or words. Remember to label your answers with the correct units when you need to.

Robin and Cody are collecting stamps. Their stamp books are exactly the same size, with the same number of pages. Robin's stamp book is  $\frac{2}{3}$  full. Cody's stamp book is  $\frac{3}{4}$  full. Whose stamp book is more full? How do you know?

# Cody's stamp book is more full. **Explanations will vary.**

Robin has a page of her stamp book that is  $\frac{1}{3}$  full. Cody has a page of his stamp book that is  $\frac{2}{6}$  full. Whose page is more full? How do you know?

# Cody's page and Robin's page are equally full. **Explanations will vary.**

- Responses will vary. One of Robin's pages has 6 out of 12 spaces full. Example
  - Write a fraction that represents how full the page is. \_\_\_ a
  - Write another fraction that tells how full the page is. 1/2 or other fraction
- On one page of Robin's stamp book, she has arranged her stamps in a 7-by-6 array. How many stamps are on this page?

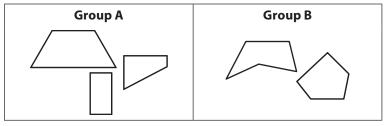
# 42 stamps; work will vary.

On one page of Cody's stamp book, he has 54 stamps. The stamps are organized in 6 groups. How many stamps are in each group?

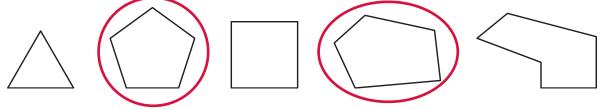
9 stamps in each group; work will vary.



**1** Walt sorted some shapes into these two groups.



**a** Circle the shapes that belong in group B.



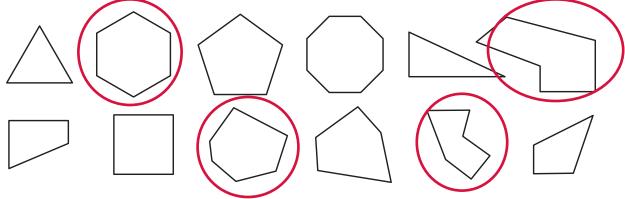
**b** What do the shapes in group B have in common?

# They all have 5 sides.

**2** How can you tell if a shape is a hexagon?

#### It must have 6 sides.

**a** Circle all the hexagons.

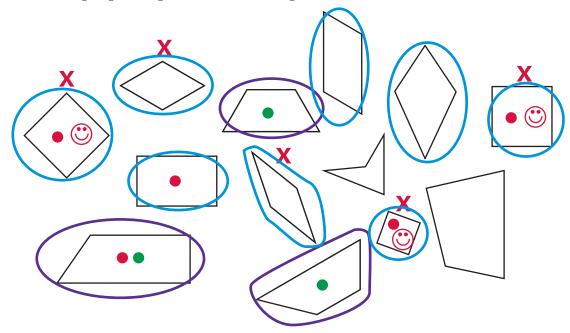


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# Attributes of Quadrilaterals

- Identify some of the attributes of the quadrilaterals below. Follow these instructions:
  - Draw a blue loop around each shape that has 2 pairs of parallel sides.
  - Make a red dot inside each shape that has at least 2 right angles.
  - Draw a smiley face inside each square.
  - Make a green dot inside each shape that has exactly 1 pair of parallel sides.
  - Draw an X above each shape that has 4 sides that are exactly the same length.
  - Draw a purple loop around each trapezoid.



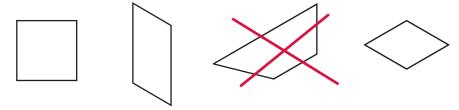
Multiply.

3	4	5	8	6	2	10
×8 <b>24</b>	<u>× 4</u> <b>16</b>	×6 <b>30</b>	* <u>4</u>	×6 <b>36</b>	* <u>8</u>	×7 <b>70</b>
7	5	1	3	0	9	4
×3 21	× 5 <b>25</b>	× 9 <b>9</b>	* <u>6</u>	$\frac{\times 10}{0}$	×3 27	×6 <b>24</b>

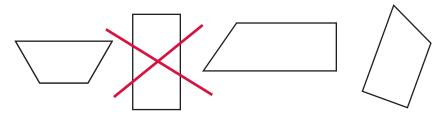


# **Quadrilaterals**

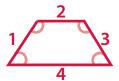
**1** Cross out the figure that is *not* a parallelogram.

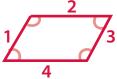


**2** Cross out the figure that is *not* a trapezoid.



3 How is a trapezoid like a parallelogram? Use labeled sketches and words to explain.
Responses will vary. Example:
They both have 4 straight sides and 4 verticies.





4 How are a trapezoid and a parallelogram different? Use labeled sketches and words to explain. Responses will vary. Example:

A trapezoid has exactly 1 pair of parallel sides. A parallelogram has exactly 2 pair of parallel sides.





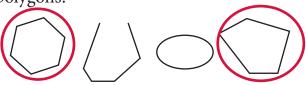
**5** Solve the following problems.

39	278	54	108	379	914	19	635
+ 141 <b>180</b>	± 46 <b>324</b>	+ 525 <b>579</b>	+ 52 <b>160</b>	400 400	+ 36 <b>950</b>	+ 417 <b>436</b>	+ 45 <b>680</b>
872	143	87	105	121	243	216	87
<u>-41</u>	<u>- 28</u>	<u>- 56</u>	<u>- 28</u>	<u>- 9</u>	- <u>7</u>	<u>- 15</u>	- 47 <b>40</b>
- 41 <b>831</b>	- 28 <b>115</b>	<u>- 56</u> <b>31</b>	- 28 <b>77</b>	112	236	- 15 <b>201</b>	



**1** Two of the shapes below are polygons, and two are not.

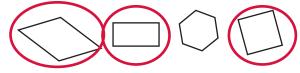
**a** Circle the two polygons.



**b** Explain why the other two shapes are not polygons.

# Explanations will vary. Example: Polygons have to be closed and have only straight sides.

- **2** Three of the shapes below are quadrilaterals, and one is not.
  - **a** Circle the three quadrilaterals.



**b** Draw two quadrilaterals that are not the same types as those you just circled. **Responses will vary. Example:** 



**3** Multiply.

5	7	3	4	6	2	4
<u>× 6</u>	$\times 3$	$\times 8$	$\times 5$	<u>× 6</u>	<u>× 9</u>	$\times 7$
30	21	24	20	36	18	28
10	9	4	7	7	10	7
<u>× 6</u>	$\times 3$	$\times 8$	$\times 5$	<u>× 6</u>	$\times 9$	$\times 7$
60	27	32	35	42	90	49

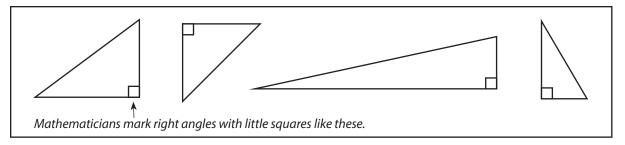
4 CHALLENGE Multiply.

60	160	400	180	240	360	350
$\times$ 3	<u>× 8</u>	<u>× 5</u>	<u>× 6</u>	<u>× 6</u>	<u>× 9</u>	<u>× 7</u>
20	20	80	30	40	40	50



# Triangles & Two-Digit Addition Review page 1 of 2

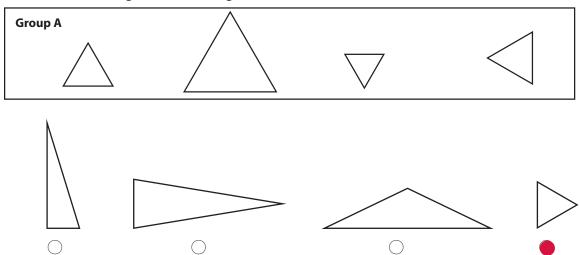
What is the same about all of these triangles?



All the triangles \_

# have one right angle.

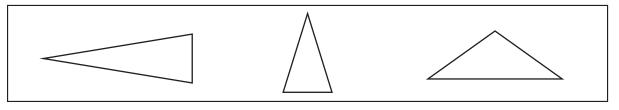
2 All of the triangles in group A have something in common. Fill in the circle next to the triangle that belongs with them.



How do you know the triangle you picked belongs in group A?

### **Explanations will vary. Example:** It has three equal sides.

What do these three triangles have in common?



All of the triangles

have two equal sides.



#### **Triangles & Two-Digit Addition Review** page 2 of 2

**4** Add each pair of numbers. Show all your work.

# Work will vary.

# Work will vary.

Work will vary.

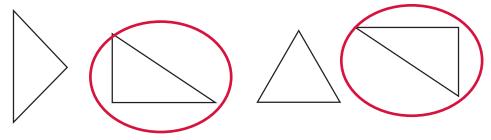
**5 CHALLENGE** Fill in the missing digits.

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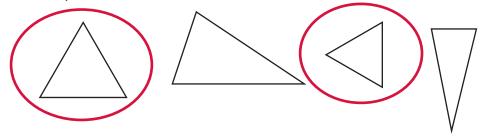


# Triangles page 1 of 2

Circle the two triangles that are congruent. Congruent means exactly the same shape and size.



Circle the two triangles that are similar. Similar means exactly the same shape, but not necessarily the same size.



3 Add.

Subtract.

131	- <u>23</u> <b>125</b>	32	80	116	246	298
<u>– 31</u>	<u>– 23</u>	<u>- 65</u>	<u>– 28</u>	<u>- 87</u>	<u>– 15</u>	<u> </u>
162	148	97	108	203	261	448

Round each number to the nearest 10 and the nearest 100.

Number	Nearest 10	Nearest 100
342	340	300
689	690	700

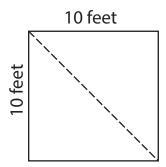
Number	Nearest 10	Nearest 100
837	840	800
906	910	900

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#### **Triangles** page 2 of 2

Unit 6 Module 1

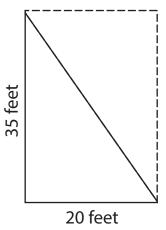
**6** Angie and Kara share a bedroom. They've been having trouble agreeing on who is doing her fair share of the cleaning. So they decided to lay a rope on the floor to divide the room in half. Each girl is responsible for keeping half the room clean and organized.



**a** The area of the whole room is  $\underline{100}$  square feet. Show your work.

# Work will vary.

- b The area of each girl's part of the room is <u>50</u> square feet. Show your work. Work will vary.
- **THALLENGE** Susie and her mother are planting a flower garden. It will be in the shape of a right triangle. They drew a diagram of the triangle and labeled the dimensions. How much area will the flower garden cover? Show your work.



350 sq. ft.; work will vary.